

VMware vSphere 5

Licensing, Pricing and Packaging

WHITE PAPER



Table of Contents

Executive Summary	3
VMware vSphere Licensing Overview	3
VMware vSphere 5 Licensing: Per-Processor with vRAM Entitlements	3
Licensing Unit: Per Processor (CPU)	3
No Limits on Physical Resources	3
vRAM Entitlements	3
vRAM per VM	3
Compliance	3
Increasing the Pooled vRAM Capacity	3
Monitoring of Pooled vRAM Capacity	4
Why a Change Was Necessary	4
Licensing vSphere 5 for virtual desktops deployments	5
License Management	5
Centralized Licensing with No Single Point of Failure	5
Decentralized Licensing Option	5
Licensing Example	5
VMware vSphere and vCenter Server Packaging	6
VMware vSphere Editions	6
VMware vSphere Hypervisor	7
VMware vSphere Desktop	7
VMware vSphere Kits	7
vCenter Server Editions	8
Upgrade Entitlements for Existing Customers	9
Upgrading Between VMware vSphere 5 Editions	9
FAQ1	_0
How to Buy1	.2
Learn More	2

Executive Summary

VMware® vSphere® is the industry-leading virtualization platform for building cloud infrastructures. VMware vSphere accelerates the shift to cloud computing for existing datacenters. It also underpins compatible public cloud offerings, paving the way for the industry's only hybrid cloud model.

With the introduction of VMware vSphere 5, VMware is evolving the product's licensing model to give customers the opportunity to move to a more cloud-like, "pay for consumption" approach to IT. The changes lay the foundation for a more modern IT cost model that is based on consumption and value rather than components and capacity.

The new vSphere licensing model continues to be based on processor licenses and eliminates the restrictive physical entitlements of CPU cores and physical RAM per server, replacing them with a single virtualization-based entitlement of pooled virtual memory (vRAM).

VMware vSphere Licensing Overview

In this chapter we will review the details of the new vSphere 5 licensing model.

VMware vSphere 5 Licensing: Per-Processor with vRAM Entitlements

VMware vSphere 5 is licensed on a per-processor basis with a vRAM entitlement. Each VMware vSphere 5 processor license comes with an entitlement to a certain amount of vRAM capacity, or memory configured to virtual machines. Unlike in vSphere 4.x where core and physical RAM entitlements are tied to a server and cannot be shared among multiple hosts, the vRAM entitlements of vSphere 5 licenses are pooled, i.e. aggregated, across all vSphere servers managed by a vCenter Server instance or multiple vCenter Servers instances in Linked Mode.

Licensing Unit: Per Processor (CPU)

Like VMware Sphere 4.x, VMware vSphere 5 is licensed on a perprocessor basis. Each physical processor (CPU) in a server needs to have a least one vSphere 5 processor license key assigned to be able to run vSphere. vSphere 5 license keys can be purchased, deployed and managed in the same way they were with vSphere 4.x.

No Limits on Physical Resources

VMware vSphere 5 licensing **removes all restrictions on physical cores and physical RAM**. This change eliminates barriers to deploying VMware vSphere on new multicore server configurations, improving customers' ability to choose server hardware that best meets their requirements.

vRAM Entitlements

Each vSphere 5 license provides a vRAM capacity entitlement. vRAM is defined as the memory configured to a virtual machine. When a virtual machine is created, it is configured with a certain amount of memory (vRAM) available to the virtual machine.

The vRAM entitlements of VMware vSphere processor licenses are pooled—that is, aggregated—across all CPU licenses managed by a VMware vCenter instance (or multiple linked VMware vCenter instances) to form a total available vRAM capacity (pooled vRAM capacity).

There are no restrictions on how vRAM is configured across virtual machines and CPUs. At any given point in time, the amount of vRAM configured by powered on virtual machines on a CPU could exceed the base entitlement of the VMware vSphere 5 license assigned to that CPU. There are also no restrictions on how many VMs can be run in a pool. As long as the total configured vRAM across all virtual machines managed by a VMware vCenter instance or multiple linked VMware vCenter instances is less than or equal to the total available vRAM, VMware vSphere is correctly licensed.

vRAM per VM

When a virtual machine is powered on, the vRAM configured to that virtual machine counts against the pooled vRAM capacity up to a maximum of 96GB (i.e. a virtual machine with 128GB of configured vRAM will only use 96GB from the pooled vRAM capacity). All powered on VMs, including virtual appliances or service VMs created by vSphere features or solutions running on vSphere, count against the vRAM pool capacity in the amount equal to their configured vRAM up to a maximum of 96GB.

Compliance

To maintain licensing compliance, at any given point in time the following conditions must be met:

- Each active physical processor (CPU) must have at least one license assigned
- The 365-day moving average of daily high watermark of vRAM configured to all powered-on virtual machines in aggregate cannot exceed the pooled vRAM capacity. This is the same algorithm used for VMware's management products licensed on a per VM basis.

Customers must purchase vSphere licenses in advance of use.

Increasing the Pooled vRAM Capacity

If necessary, the easiest way to expand pooled vRAM capacity is to add more VMware vSphere CPU licenses of the same edition to the vRAM pool. Alternatively, customers can upgrade all CPU licenses in the vRAM pool to a VMware vSphere edition with a higher vRAM entitlement.

Monitoring of Pooled vRAM Capacity

Available and configured vRAM capacity can be monitored and managed using the licensing-management module of VMware vCenter Server. Customers can create reports and set up alerts to obtain automated notification of when the level of vRAM used surpasses a specified level of the available pooled capacity.

Why a Change Was Necessary

With the modification to vSphere licensing, we accomplish two objectives:

- Free customers from restrictive hardware-based entitlements
- Align the vSphere licensing model with IT as a service

To understand reasons for the change, we should first examine the legacy VMware vSphere model. VMware vSphere 4.x is licensed on a per-physical-processor (CPU) basis with limits on:

- The number of physical cores per CPU
- Physical RAM capacity per server

Significant innovations in hardware design—such as CPUs with ever-larger number of cores, high-density memory chips, solidstate drives and hyperthreading—were causing the hardware limits in VMware vSphere 4.x licensing to become outdated. In the 24 months since the release of VMware vSphere 4.0, multicore capacity of x86 CPUs grew from 2-4 cores per CPU to 8-12 per CPU. Processor manufacturers have announced plans to introduce CPUs that will exceed 12 cores. CPU manufacturers have introduced or plan to introduce technologies—such as hyperthreading—that work at the subcore level and increase processing power by improving parallelization of computations. Similar growth and innovation trends are also happening on the memory side, with RAM chip density growing from 4GB per DIMM to 8GB and 16GB per DIMM and new types of memory technologies—such as solidstate-drive (SSD)—becoming mainstream. This innovation trend in server hardware technologies is rapidly making the hardware restrictions of VMware vSphere 4.x licenses outdated posing difficulties for customers to plan future investments in infrastructure and virtualization.

Figure 1 shows a comparison between the VMware vSphere 4.x and VMware vSphere 5 licensing models.

	VMware vSphere 4.1 and prior Per CPU with Core and Physical Memory Limits		VMware vSphere 5.0 and later Per CPU with vRAM Entitlements
Licensing Unit	СРИ	=	СРИ
SnS Unit	CPU	=	СРИ
Core per proc	Restrictions by vSphere editions - 6 cores for Standard and Enterprise, ESS, ESS+ - 12 core for Advanced and Ent. Plus	<	Unlimited
Physical RAM Capacity per host	Restrictions by vSphere edition - 256GB for Standard, Advanced and Enterprise, ESS, ESS+ - Unlimited for Enterprise Plus	<	Unlimited
vRAM entitlement per proc	Not applicable	¥	Entitlement by vSphere edition - 32GB vRAM for Essentials Kit - 32GB vRAM for Essentials Plus Kit - 32GB vRAM for Standard - 64GB vRAM for Enterprise - 96GB vRAM for Enterprise Plus
Pooling of entitlements	Not applicable	<	YES - vRAM entitlements are pooled among vSphere hosts managed by a vCenter or linked vCenter instance
Max amount of VRAM per VM counted	Not applicable	<	96GB - a powered on VM will count for a maximum of 96GB against the pool regardless of its actual configured amount
Compliance policies	Purchase in advance of use High Watermark	=	Purchase in advance of use 12 months rolling average of daily high watermark
Monitoring tool	Not applicable	¥	YES - built-into vCenter Server 5.0

Figure 1. vSphere 4.x vs. vSphere 5 Licensing Comparison

Licensing vSphere 5 for virtual desktops deployments

VMware introduced a new vSphere edition, vSphere Desktop, specifically designed for licensing vSphere when used to run VDI. vSphere Desktop is not subject to vSphere 5 licensing with pooled vRAM entitlements. It can only be used as virtualization platform for VDI deployments with either VMware View or other third party connection brokers. For more details see next chapter.

License Management

VMware vSphere 5 licenses are still simple license keys (25-character alphanumeric strings) that contain encrypted information about the VMware vSphere edition or kit purchased and the processor quantity. These license keys do not contain any server-specific information and are not tied to a specific piece of hardware. This means that the same license key can be assigned to multiple VMware vSphere hosts, as long as the sum of physical processors on those hosts does not exceed the encoded license quantity in the license key.

Centralized Licensing with No Single Point of Failure

VMware vCenter Server is the recommended interface for license assignment to VMware vSphere hosts. When a license key is assigned by VMware vCenter Server, it is copied to the host and saved in a persistent format. If the host becomes disconnected from VMware vCenter Server, the license key remains active on the host indefinitely, even after a host reboot. Only a deliberate licensing operation by the user can remove or replace a host license key.

Decentralized Licensing Option

Although VMware recommends that customers assign all VMware vSphere licenses centrally through VMware vCenter Server, customers also have the option to assign their license keys directly to individual hosts. There is no difference between directly and centrally assigned license keys. When a VMware vSphere host is added to the VMware vCenter Server inventory, any license key already on the host will become available for management, reporting and assignment in VMware vCenter Server, just like any license key added directly via VMware vCenter Server. For more information on VMware vSphere licensing, visit http://www.vmware.com/support/licensing.html.

Licensing Example

In this section we will go over the key elements of VMware vSphere 5 licensing using an example.

Licensing new hosts with vSphere 5

For this example, a user has two 2-CPU (each with 6 cores) hosts with 128GB of physical RAM each that they wish to license with VMware vSphere Enterprise edition. Each physical CPU requires a license, so a minimum of four VMware vSphere 5 Enterprise licenses are required. Each VMware vSphere 5 Enterprise license provides a vRAM entitlement of 64GB. This means that with 4 vSphere Enterprise licenses the user creates a vRAM pool of 4 x 64GB = 256GB So far the user has not created any virtual machines, so he has not configured any capacity of the vRAM pool.

Hosts	2
CPUs	4
VMware vSphere licenses	4 (Enterprise Edition)
vRAM capacity	256GB (4 licenses x 64GB/license)
vRAM used	OGB

Pooling allows DRS and vMotion across hosts

Next, the user starts to create virtual machines. The user creates 50 virtual machines each having 4GB of vRAM, and plans to deploy them across the two hosts (-12 virtual machines per CPUs). Both hosts are in the same vRAM pool as they are connected to the same vCenter Server and are running the same VMware vSphere edition. This vRAM pool allows VMware Distributed Resource Scheduler (DRS) and VMware vMotion to move the virtual machines between any of the CPUs without needing additional licenses. Even if all 50 virtual machines were running on a single CPU, no additional vRAM capacity would be required, because the pooled vRAM entitlement would not be exceeded.

Hosts	2
CPUs	4
VMware vSphere licenses	4 (Enterprise Edition)
vRAM capacity	256GB
vRAM used	200GB (50 virtual machines x 4GB/virtual machine)

Increasing the pooled vRAM capacity

Users can increase vRAM Capacity in three ways:

- 1. Adding new vSphere licenses of the same edition to the existing pool
- Upgrading licenses to an edition with a higher vRAM entitlement
- 3. Adding a new host with new vSphere licenses of the same edition of the existing pool

In the example, the user adds a new host with a single CPU with 8 cores. The user purchases an additional license of VMware vSphere Enterprise. The additional license raises the vRAM capacity by another 64GB to a total of 320GB. The user adds 8 virtual machines that have 8GB of vRAM each on the new host.

Hosts	3
CPUs	5
VMware vSphere licenses	5
vRAM capacity	320GB
vRAM used	264GB (200GB + (8 virtual machines x 8GB/ virtual machine))

Later, the user wants to further increase the capacity of the vRAM pool by 100GB to allow for future growth without adding any additional options. The user has two options to increase the vRAM capacity:

- Buy two additional VMware vSphere licenses of the same edition, Enterprise. This would raise the vRAM capacity by 128GB.
- Upgrade all five VMware vSphere licenses to an edition with a higher vRAM entitlement. Each license of Enterprise Plus is entitled to 96GB of vRAM. Upgrading to Enterprise Plus would yield a new total vRAM capacity of 480GB.

VMware vSphere and vCenter Server Packaging

VMware offers several packaging options designed for a wide variety of deployment scenarios and customer types

VMware vSphere Editions

VMware vSphere Editions offer different combinations of functionality and vRAM entitlements at different price points, providing a simple path for customers to license VMware vSphere to meet their specific requirements for scalability, size of environment, and use cases (see Figure 2). A Support and Subscription (SnS) contract is required for every VMware vSphere Edition purchase.

	Standard	Enterprise	Enterprise Plus
Entitlements per CPU license • vRAM Entitlement • vCPU/VM	32 GB 8 way	64 GB 8 way	96 GB 32 way
Features • Hypervisor	✓	✓	✓
High Availability Data Recovery vMotion	√ √ √	, ,	✓ ✓ ✓
Virtual Serial Port Concentrator Hot Add vShield Zones Fault Tolerance		, , ,	, , ,
Storage APIs for Array Integration Storage vMotion Distributed Resource Scheduler Bistributed Power Management		/ /	<i>y y</i>
Distributed Switch I/O Controls (Network and Storage) Host Profiles			<i>V V</i>
Auto Deploy* Policy-Driven Storage* Storage DRS*			✓ ✓ ✓
*New in vSphere 5.0			

Figure 2. vSphere 5 Editions Lineup

For information on local currency prices for vSphere Editions and Kits visit: www.vmware.com/products/vsphere/pricing.html

VMware vSphere Standard Edition provides an entry-level solution for basic server consolidation to slash hardware costs while accelerating application deployment. Each Standard Edition license entitles 32GB of vRAM.

VMware vSphere Enterprise Edition is a robust solution that customers can use to optimize IT assets, ensure cost-effective business continuity and streamline IT operations through automation. Each Enterprise Edition license entitles 64GB of vRAM.

VMware vSphere Enterprise Plus Edition offers the full range of VMware vSphere features for transforming datacenters into dramatically simplified cloud infrastructures, for running today's applications right alongside the next generation of flexible, reliable IT services. Each Enterprise Plus Edition license entitles 96GB of vRAM.

Note that all hosts in a vRAM pool must be licensed with the same VMware vSphere edition or, in other words, vRAM entitlements are pooled by VMware vSphere Edition. It is possible to manage mixed environments of hosts licensed with different VMware vSphere Editions from the same vCenter, however this will create multiple vRAM pools. vRAM capacity can only be shared among servers licensed with the same VMware vSphere Edition.

VMware vSphere Hypervisor

VMware vSphere Hypervisor is a free product that provides a simple and easy way to get started with virtualization at no cost. vSphere Hypervisor provides only basic virtualization capabilities allowing to virtualize servers and run applications in virtual machines in a matter of minutes. vSphere Hypervisor cannot connect to VMware vCenter Server and therefore cannot be centrally managed. Users can remotely manage individual vSphere Hypervisor hosts using the vSphere Client. vSphere Hypervisor is entitled to 32GB of vRAM per server (regardless of the number of processors) and can be utilized on servers with up to 32GB of physical RAM.

VMware vSphere Desktop

vSphere Desktop Edition is a new vSphere Edition designed for licensing vSphere in VDI deployments. vSphere Desktop provides all functionalities of vSphere Enterprise Plus and unlimited vRAM entitlement. It can only be used for VDI deployment and can be leveraged with both VMware View and other 3rd party VDI connection brokers.

vSphere Desktop edition is licensed based on the total number of Powered On Desktop Virtual Machines and can be purchased either stand-alone in a pack size of 100 desktop VM or included with the VMware View Bundle. For detailed information on pricing visit: http://www.vmware.com/products/view/howtobuy.html

Customers who purchased licenses for vSphere 4.x (or previous versions) prior to September 30, 2011 to host desktop virtualization, and hold current SnS agreements, may upgrade to vSphere 5 while retaining access to unlimited vRAM entitlement. Desktop

licenses covered by this provision, however, may not be managed by the same instance of Virtual Center which is being used to manage non-desktop OS virtual machines.

VMware vSphere Kits

Kits are all-in-one solutions that include multiple VMware vSphere licenses and vCenter Server enabling an organization to quickly and easily begin their VMware vSphere environment. Kits are available in several editions that vary in terms of scalability and functionality. VMware offers two types of kits: **Essentials Kits** and **Acceleration Kits**.

Essentials Kits

The Essentials Kits are all-in-one solutions for small environments (up to three hosts with two CPUs each) available in two editions—Essentials and Essentials Plus. Both editions include VMware vSphere processor licenses and VMware vCenter Server for Essentials for an environment of up to three hosts (up to 2 CPUs each) and maximum pooled vRAM capacity of 192GB (32GB x 6 VMware vSphere Essentials CPU licenses). Essentials scalability limits are productenforced and cannot be extended other than by upgrading the whole kit to a higher-end bundle (see upgrades sections, below). VMware vSphere Essentials and Essentials Plus kits are self-contained solutions and may not be decoupled, or combined with other VMware vSphere editions.

VMware vSphere Essentials Kit is all-in-one solution ideal for small offices. It enables consolidation and management of applications to reduce hardware and operating costs—all with a low upfront investment. The VMware vSphere Essentials kit must be purchased along with a one-year subscription to software patches and updates. Support is optional and available on a per-incident basis.

VMware vSphere Essentials Plus Kit adds features such as vSphere vMotion, vSphere HA and vSphere Data Recovery to VMware vSphere Essentials to enable always-on IT for the small environment. VMware vSphere Essentials Plus is ideal for small businesses that, in addition to hardware and operating cost savings, are also looking for maximization of application availability and business continuity with a low upfront investment. SnS for VMware vSphere Essentials Plus is sold separately. A minimum of one year of SnS is required.

VMware vSphere Essentials Kit for Retail and Branch Offices is a special edition designed for deployments in branch offices of mid-size or large enterprises. This edition offers a packaged solution to extend agility, security and efficiency across the organization and allow remote management of the office deployment either locally or from central location running VMware vCenter Server. Retail- and branch-office editions require a maximum of 3 virtualized hosts per site and a minimum initial order of a starter kit (covering 10 sites) plus the ability to add on sites as required (after initial purchase of 10 sites customers can add 1 additional site at a time). vRAM entitlements of the Essentials Kit for Retail and Branch Office deployed are pooled across sites with centrally management by a single remote VMware vCenter Server.

Acceleration Kits

VMware vSphere 5 Acceleration Kits are all-in-one convenience bundles that provide a simple way for new customers to purchase all the necessary components to set up a new VMware environment. Each kit consists of a number of licenses for VMware vSphere, along with a license for one instance of a VMware vCenter Server Standard (see Figure 3). Unlike the Essentials Kits and VMware vSphere 4.x Acceleration Kits that function as single entity, VMware vSphere 5 Acceleration Kits decompose into their individual kit components after purchase. This allows customers to upgrade and renew SnS for each individual component on its own schedule. The Acceleration Kits are often offered at promotional discounts. Visit http://www.vmware.com/vmwarestore/buyvsphere-acceleration-kits.html or contact your local reseller for more-specific information on the latest available acceleration kit offerings.

	Essentials	Essentials Plus	Standard AK	Enterprise AK	Enterprise Plus AK
Includes	6 CPUs	6 CPUs	8 CPUs	6 CPUs	6 CPUs
Entitlements per CPU license • vRAM Entitlement	32 GB (192 GB max)	32 GB (192 GB max)	32 GB (256 GB max)	64 GB (384 GB max)	96 GB (576 GB max)
• vCPU	8 way	8 way	8 way	8 way	32 way
Features • Hypervisor	1	1	/	/	/
High Availability Data Recovery vMotion		<i>,</i>	, ,	<i>' ' '</i>	<i>y y y</i>
Virtual Serial Port Concentrator Hot Add vShield Zones Fault Tolerance				, , ,	, , ,
Storage APIs for Array Integration Storage vMotion Distributed Resource Scheduler & Distributed Power Management				/	<i>y y</i>
Distributed Switch I/O Controls (Network and Storage) Host Profiles					, ,
Auto Deploy* Policy-Driven Storage* Storage DRS*					/ / /
*New in vSphere 5.0					

Figure 3. vSphere 5 Kits Lineup

For information on local currency prices for vSphere Editions and Kits visit: www.vmware.com/products/vsphere/pricing.html

Acceleration Kits with Management

VMware now offers vSphere 5 Acceleration Kits with Management to provide larger SMBs with a scalable virtualized infrastructure that maximizes IT efficiency, security, multi-site availability, and application service levels. Each kit consists of a number of licenses for VMware vSphere, a license for one instance of a VMware

vCenter Server Standard, and 25-VM packs of management products (see Figure 4). VMware vSphere 5 Acceleration Kits with Management decompose into their individual kit components after purchase. This allows customers to upgrade and renew SnS for each individual component on its own schedule. These kits are scalable with purchase of additional vSphere edition and management product licenses.

	Standard Acceleration Kit with Smart Operations Management	Enterprise Acceleration Kit with Business Production Management	Enterprise Plus Acceleration Kit with Cloud Infrastructure Management
Included	Standard Acceleration Kit (vCenter Server Standard, 8 x vSphere Standard licenses)	Enterprise Acceleration Kit (vCenter Server Standard, 6 x vSphere Enterprise licenses)	Enterprise Plus Acceleration Kit (vCenter Server Standard, 6 x vSphere Enterprise Plus licenses)
Included Management Products (25-VM Pack)			
vCenter Operations	Standard	Advanced	Advanced
vShield App with Data Security		1	✓
Site Recovery Manager Standard		1	✓
vCloud Director			✓

Figure 4. vSphere 5 Acceleration Kits with Management Lineup

vCenter Server Editions

VMware vCenter Server provides unified management for VMware vSphere environments and is a required component of a complete VMware vSphere deployment. One instance of vCenter Server is required to centrally manage virtual machines and their hosts and to enable all VMware vSphere features.

VMware vCenter Server is available in the following packages:

- VMware vCenter Server for Essentials kits Integrated management for VMware vSphere Essentials kits
- VMware vCenter Server Foundation Centralized management for up to three VMware vSphere hosts
- VMware vCenter Server Standard Highly scalable management with rapid provisioning, monitoring, orchestration and control of all virtual machines in a VMware vSphere environment

All editions of vCenter Server include the following components:

- Management server Acts as universal hub for provisioning, monitoring and configuring virtualized environments
- **Database server** Stores persistent configuration data and performance information
- Search engine Allows administrators to search the entire object inventory of multiple VMware vCenter Servers from one place

- VMware vSphere Client Provides administrators with a feature-rich console for accessing one or more VMware vCenter Servers simultaneously
- VMware vCenter APIs and .NET Extension Allows integration between vCenter Server and other tools, with support for customized plug-ins to the VMware vSphere Client

VMware vCenter Server Standard also includes the following additional features:

- vCenter Orchestrator Streamlines and automates key IT processes
- vCenter Server Linked Mode Enables a common inventory view across multiple instances of vCenter Server

For information on local currency prices for vCenter Server Editions and Kits visit: www.vmware.com/products/vsphere/pricing.html

Upgrade Entitlements for Existing Customers

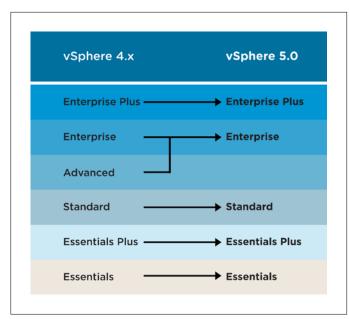


Figure 5. vSphere 4.x to vSphere 5 Entitlement Paths

VMware vSphere customers with an active SnS contract are entitled to upgrade to VMware vSphere 5 at no extra charge. All upgrades to VMware vSphere 5 require acceptance of the new end-user licensing agreement (EULA) and VMware vSphere 5 licensing model.

Figure 5 shows the entitlement path of current VMware vSphere 4.x customers as part of their active SnS contracts.

Visit the VMware vSphere Upgrade Center for more information and to determine the appropriate upgrade path for your organization: www.vmware.com/products/vsphere/upgrade-center/.

For information on local currency prices for vSphere Editions and Kits visit: www.vmware.com/products/vsphere/pricing.html

Reinstatement Options for Customers with Inactive SnS Contracts

Customers who have an expired SnS must pay reinstatement fees to purchase supported upgrades. Reinstatement fees are based on the following criteria:

- The applicable SnS fees for the current contract term
- Fees that would have been paid for the period of time that the customer's SnS contract was not active
- A 20 percent fee on the sum of the fees in the preceding two criteria

Upgrading Between VMware vSphere 5 Editions

Customers may purchase an upgrade to a higher VMware vSphere offering. For example, VMware vSphere Standard customers may upgrade to either VMware vSphere Enterprise or VMware vSphere Enterprise Plus. When customers upgrade supported licenses to a higher VMware vSphere edition, the original license key is deactivated and a new license key is issued for the upgraded edition. The SnS fee is then calculated. This new SnS contract will be extended by the value remaining on the base edition. This process ensures that only a single license key exists that has a single SnS contract with a single termination date. This simplifies SnS renewals.

Upgrade paths for VMware vSphere Editions and Kits are shown in Figure 6.

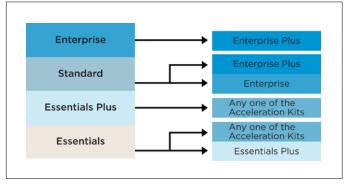


Figure 6. vSphere 5 Editions and Kit Upgrade Paths

vSphere Acceleration Kit customers upgrade using the same upgrade paths as vSphere Edition customers. There are no Acceleration Kit to Acceleration Kit upgrades to vSphere 5.

For information on local currency prices for vSphere Editions and Kits visit: www.vmware.com/products/vsphere/pricing.html

FAQ

Q: Does the new VMware vSphere 5 licensing model apply to existing licenses of VMware vSphere 4.x or prior?

A: No. The new VMware vSphere licensing model applies only to new purchases of VMware vSphere licenses or to existing licenses of VMware vSphere 4.x or older that are upgraded to VMware vSphere 5

Q: When upgrading to existing licenses for VMware vSphere 4.x or older to VMware vSphere 5, may I maintain the VMware vSphere 4.x licensing model?

A: No. In order to complete the upgrade, the new VMware vSphere 5 EULA must be accepted.

Q: What is vRAM?

A: vRAM or virtual RAM is the total memory configured to a virtual machine.

Q: What is the available pooled vRAM of my environment?

A: Available pooled vRAM is equal to the sum total of vRAM entitlements for all VMware vSphere licenses of a single edition, managed by a single instance of VMware vCenter Server or by multiple instances of VMware vCenter Server in Linked Mode.

Q: How is configured vRAM capacity determined?

A: Configured vRAM is equal to the sum total of vRAM configured to all powered-on virtual machines managed by a single instance of VMware vCenter Server or by multiple instances of VMware vCenter Server in Linked Mode.

Q: How big a vRAM pool can I make?

A: The pooled vRAM capacity can be extended indefinitely by adding more VMware vSphere licenses to VMware vCenter Server.

Q: Can the pooled vRAM capacity be extended by using any VMware vSphere edition?

A: No, vRAM entitlements are pooled by VMware vSphere edition.

Therefore, a vRAM pool can be extended by adding VMware vSphere licenses of the same edition.

Q: How am I compliant with this licensing model? Is there a "hard stop" at my vRAM limit?

A: To be compliant, the 12 month rolling average of the daily high watermark of configured vRAM must be equal to or less than the available pooled vRAM capacity. VMware vCenter Server will not impose a hard limit (with the exception of VMware vCenter Server for Essentials) on configured vRAM, but will provide alerts that configured vRAM is approaching or has surpassed available pooled capacity. The VMware policy is that customers should buy licenses in advance of use.

Q: I have received an alert from VMware vCenter that I have exceeded the available pooled vRAM, but the product did not prevent me from deploying a new virtual machine. What is going on?

A: Only VMware vSphere Essentials and Essentials Plus implement hard enforcement of vRAM capacity. VMware vCenter Server Standard will not prevent you from exceeding the available vRAM capacity; it will only signal that the licensing of the environment is out of compliance. VMware licensing policy is that customers should buy licenses in advance of use, so we recommend monitoring the vRAM consumption and extending the available pooled vRAM capacity before exceeding it.

Q: What is the process through which I add VMware vSphere licensing to the vRAM pool?

A: There are two ways to add VMware vSphere licenses to the pool:

- Introduce a new host to the pool and assign processor licenses to its CPUs
- Add new processor licenses, combining them to existing ones using the VMware licensing portal

Q: Can I add vRAM to an Essentials or Essentials Plus kit?

A: No, the total vRAM capacity of Essentials and Essentials Plus kits cannot be extended.

Q: Does my SnS calculation change?

A: SnS continues to be linked to VMware vSphere processor licenses.

Q: Do the licensing terms differ depending on which server I deploy VMware vSphere 5 on?

A: No VMware vSphere license entitlement is linked to physical characteristics of the server on which VMware vSphere is deployed.

Q: How do I procure more vRAM?

A: You simply need to buy and assign more VMware vSphere CPU licenses.

Q: Will this licensing model cost me more?

A: Although it is impossible to predict the effects of the new model in every type of environment, the licensing model has been designed to minimize the risk of potential impacts in existing environments while also providing room for growth. vRAM entitlements have been set to provide enough capacity to scale well beyond today's average consolidation ratios.

Q. Which customers are eligible for vSphere Desktop?

A. vSphere Desktop is available to all commercial, academic, and government customers who want to purchase new licenses of vSphere to host desktop virtualization. Customers who purchase the VMware View bundles get vSphere Desktop with unlimited vRAM entitlement. Customers who purchased licenses for vSphere 4.x (or previous versions) prior to September 30, 2011 to host

desktop virtualization, and hold current SnS agreements, may upgrade to vSphere 5 while retaining their current licensing metric and thus have access to unlimited vRAM entitlement. vSphere Desktop extends only to the purchases of new vSphere licenses for desktop virtualization.

Q. I am currently using vSphere Enterprise+ to deploy a third party desktop virtualization solution. Can I continue to do so?

A. Yes. Customers currently using vSphere as backend for a 3rd party VDI deployment can continue to do so. Customers who purchased licenses for vSphere 4.x (or previous versions) prior to September 30, 2011 to host desktop virtualization, and hold current SnS agreements, may upgrade to vSphere 5 while retaining access to unlimited vRAM entitlement. Desktop licenses covered by this provision, however, may not be managed by the same instance of Virtual Center which is being used to manage non-desktop OS virtual machines.

Q. Can vSphere Desktop be used to run 3rd party desktop management and infrastructure tools or 3rd party server products for desktops?

A. As per the vSphere 5 EULA, vSphere Desktop standalone can be used for hosting virtual desktop machines or desktop management and monitoring tools that are used for VDI deployments only.

Q. What is the impact to View bundles or View add-on SKUs?

A. There is no change to the price of the View bundles. View Enterprise Add-on and View Premier Add-on SKU prices have increased. We encourage customers to consider View bundles for all their new desktop virtualization deployments. The bundles are designed to be the cost effective solution for large scale desktop deployments.

Any vSphere 5 licenses purchased separately to run View Enterprise Add-on and View Premier Add-on will be subject to the per processor pooled vRAM entitlement licensing.

	VIEW ENTERPRISE BUNDLE	VIEW ENTERPRISE ADD-ON*	VIEW PREMIER BUNDLE	VIEW PREMIER ADD-ON*	VIEW PREMIER UPGRADE
vSphere for Desktop	•		•		
vCenter Server Standard for Desktop	•		•		
View Manager	•	•	•	•	
View Composer			•	•	•
Local Mode			•	•	•
vShield Endpoint			•	•	•
ThinApp (Cilent + Packager)			•	•	•
Pricing (per current connection)	\$150 (no change)	\$90	\$250 (no change)	\$190	\$100 (no change)

How to Buy

For information on local currency prices for vSphere Editions and Kits visit: www.vmware.com/products/vsphere/pricing.html

To purchase VMware vSphere, use the online VMware Partner Locator to find an authorized reseller in your area: http://partnerlocator.vmware.com/

You can also visit the online VMware Store to determine which kit or edition of VMware vSphere is right for your organization: http://www.vmware.com/vmwarestore/vsphere_purchaseoptions.html

Learn More

For information or to purchase VMware products, call 877-4-VMWARE (outside of North America dial 650-427-5000), visit http://www.vmware.com/products, or search online for an authorized reseller. For detailed specifications and systems requirements, refer to the VMware vSphere documentation.

